from repayment of loans, annuity and pension funds, and other sources. There was a marked change in the type of debt outstanding with marketable bonds being retired and savings bonds issued.

Both provincial and municipal governments increased their debt outstanding by smaller amounts in 1965 than in 1964. Part of this decline was made possible by increases in bank loans of \$29,000,000 to provincial governments and \$158,000,000 to municipal governments.

Corporation bonds (including short-term paper of finance and other corporations) issued during 1965 amounted to \$850,000,000, a decline from \$1,029,000,000 in 1964. Business capital expenditures increased by almost \$2,000,000,000 while savings increased by much less, resulting in a sharply increased need for funds. However, as a result of the United States guidelines and the Atlantic Acceptance Corporation default on its obligations, many corporations, particularly financial corporations, were forced to rely less on the money market in 1965 than in 1964. Although bond issues in 1965 amounted to \$1,122,000,000, a substantial increase from issues in the previous year, there was a net redemption of finance company paper and other short-term commercial paper. Bank loans to sales finance companies increased by 76 p.c. in 1965 and to other corporations by 14 p.c. Foreign direct investment in Canada also increased substantially.

Bonds Outstanding.—Total government and business bonds outstanding were estimated at \$48,235,000,000 at Dec. 31, 1965, an increase of 25 p.c. over the \$38,533,000,000 outstanding at the end of 1961. The largest increase of 45 p.c. during the period was in provincial bonds but part of this increase was due to the purchase by the Province of Quebec in 1963 of private hydro-electric companies operating in that province, and the subsequent replacement of corporation bonds by provincial government guaranteed bonds. The total of outstanding bonds includes treasury bills, finance company paper and other short-term commercial paper. It does not include the term deposits, certificates and debentures of trust and mortgage loan companies which totalled over \$3,000,000,000,000 at the end of 1965. Also excluded is mortgage debt, which the Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation estimated to be over \$18,000,000,000 at the end of 1964.

26.—Net New Issues of Canadian Bonds, 1961-65 and Bonds Outstanding, as at Dec. 31, 1961-65

Note.—Federal, provincial and municipal bonds include direct and guaranteed issues; corporation bonds include finance company and other short-term commercial paper; "other bonds" include bonds of religious and other institutions and a small amount of foreign bonds payable in Canadian dollars.

Item	1961	1962	1963	1964	1965
	Bonds Issued				
	\$'000,000	\$'000,000	\$'000,000	\$'000,000	\$'000,000
Government of Canada		801	827	457	-52
Treasury bills	100	280	75	100	16
Marketable bonds	347	38	275	55	<i>−595</i>
Non-marketable bonds		483	478	502	585
Provincial Government		709	901	942	748
Municipal Government		230	334	401	203
Corporations		626	706	1.029	850
		144	166	259	-155
Finance company paper	1 77	1 1 3 8 E	-45	46	-120
Other short-term paper		484	583	724	1,122
Bonds		l ‴š	29	l 'ii'	39
Other bonds	20				
Totals	2,521	2,374	2,797	2,839	1,788
	Bonds Outstanding, Dec. 31				
	\$'000,000	\$1000,000	\$'000,000	\$'000,000	\$1000,000
	,	10 449	20,276	20,733	20,681
Government of Canada	18,636	19,448		11.149	11,895
Provincial Government	8,211	9,051	10,206	5,098	5,301
Municipal Government	4,058	4,363	4,698	9,013	9,978
Corporate	7,335	7,962	8,223	342	380
Other bonds	293	302	331		
Totals	38,533	41,126	43,734	46,335	48,235